

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT

- **Answers are highlighted with yellow colour.**
- **Total number of questions- 150**

1. Patent is considered as
 - a. **Intellectual property**
 - b. Physical property
 - c. Industrial property
 - d. None of the above

2. Which claim is essential for patentability requirements
 - a. novelty
 - b. usefulness
 - c. non-obviousness
 - d. **All of the above**

3. Write an example for intellectual property
 - a. **Literary works**
 - b. Building
 - c. Furniture
 - d. None of the above

4. Which among the following is considered as the nature of intellectual property.
 - a. Creation of human mind
 - b. Intangible property
 - c. Time-bound
 - d. **All of the above**

5. Intellectual property shall include the rights relating to
 - a. Artistic and scientific works
 - b. inventions in all fields of human endeavor
 - c. Industrial designs
 - d. All of the above
6. Which among the following is considered as intellectual property
 - a. Patents
 - b. Industrial designs
 - c. Trademarks
 - d. All of the above
7. The Copyright Act was established in
 - a. 1957
 - b. 1958
 - c. 1961
 - d. 1962
8. The Geographical indications of goods (registration and protection) Act was formulated in
 - a. 1999
 - b. 2000
 - c. 2001
 - d. 2002
9. The Semiconductor Integrated Circuits Layout-Design Act was established in
 - a. 1999
 - b. 2000

c. 2001

d. 2002

10. The Trademarks Act was established in

a. 1999

b. 2000

c. 2001

d. 2002

11. The Designs Act was formulated in

a. 1999

b. 2000

c. 2001

d. 2002

12. Right of authorship comes under

a. Author right

b. Economic right

c. Both (a) and (b)

d. None of the above

13. List out non-patentable items

a. Biological warfare material or device

b. Terminator gene technology

c. embryonic stem cell

d. All of the above

14. Which of the following is patentable item

- a. Preparation of an improved soil
- b. Cultivation of algae
- c. **Agricultural Equipment's**
- d. None of the above

15. Which of the following statement is true with regard to copyright

(a) Copyright protection extends only to expressions, and not to ideas, procedures, methods of operation or mathematical concepts as such.

(b) Copyright may or may not be available for a number of objects such as titles, slogans, or logos, depending on whether they contain sufficient authorship.

i. Both (a) and (b) are true

ii. (a) true

iii. (b) true

16. Which is the right coming under copyright

- a. Economic right
- b. Moral rights
- c. **Both (a) and (b)**
- d. None of the above

17. Which right allow the owner to derive financial reward from the use of their works by others

- a. **Economic right**
- b. Moral rights
- c. Both (a) and (b)
- d. None of the above

18. Which right protect the non-economic interests of the author.
- a. Economic right
 - b. **Moral rights**
 - c. Both (a) and (b)
 - d. None of the above
19. Which among the following items coming under copyright
- a. literary works such as novels, poems, plays, reference works, newspaper articles
 - b. advertisements, maps, and technical drawings.
 - c. **Both (a) and (b)**
 - d. None of the above
20. The economic rights owner of a work can prohibits or authorize:
- a. its broadcasting, by radio, cable or satellite;
 - b. its translation into other languages; and
 - c. its adaptation, such as a novel into a film screenplay.
 - d. **All of the above**
21. Berne Convention shall protect
- a. **Protection of Literary and Artistic Works**
 - b. Scientific works
 - c. Both (a) and (b)
 - d. None of the above
22. Duration of copy right is stands for
- a. 50 years

- b. 55 years
 - c. 60 years
 - d. 65 years
23. Which of following will gain copyright protection?
- a. A DVD
 - b. Written lyrics of a song
 - c. Both (a) and (b)
 - d. None of the above
24. How long does a patent last?
- a. 20 years from the filing date of the application.
 - b. 30 years from the filing date of the application.
 - c. 40 years from the filing date of the application.
 - d. None of the above
25. The Budapest Treaty is associated with
- a. Biotechnological inventions
 - b. Scientific works
 - c. Literary and Artistic Works
 - d. All of the above
26. By filing one international patent application under the PCT,
- a. applicants can simultaneously seek protection for an invention in a large number of countries
 - b. Applicants can apply only in native country
 - c. Both (a) and (b)

- d. None of the above
27. Which of the following statement is true
- a. An industrial design may consist of three-dimensional features, such as the shape of an article
 - b. two dimensional features, such as patterns, lines or color.
 - c. an industrial design constitutes the ornamental aspect of an article
 - d. All of the above
28. What kind of products can benefit from industrial design protection?
- a. graphic symbols
 - b. graphical user interfaces (GUI)
 - c. logos.
 - d. All of the above
29. The period of protection in industrial design is last for
- a. Period of protection is 10 years extendable by 5 years.
 - b. Period of protection is 12 years extendable by 6 years.
 - c. Period of protection is 14 years extendable by 7 years.
 - d. Period of protection is 16 years extendable by 8 years.
30. Which is not registrable under industrial design
- a. A design which is contrary to public order or morality
 - b. A design which comprises or contains scandalous or obscene matter
 - c. A design which is not new or original
 - d. All of the above
31. The non-registrable item includes

- a. Religious symbols
 - b. Mere mechanical contrivance
 - c. Building and construction or real estate
 - d. All of the above
32. Trademark can be
- a. sign, words, letters, numbers,
 - b. drawings, pictures, emblem,
 - c. colours or combination of colours,
 - d. All of the above
33. What is the period of registration for trademark?
- a. 10 years but can be renewed indefinitely
 - b. 10 years only
 - c. 15 years but can be renewed indefinitely
 - d. 15 years
34. The International classification of goods and services is contained in
- a. TRIPS Classification
 - b. Madrid Classification
 - c. Vienna Classification
 - d. None of the above
35. Geographical Indication is considered as
- a. Community right
 - b. Intellectual property right
 - c. None of the above

36. Which of the statement is true
- a. The application for the trademark can filed within few days and “TM” symbol used til registration.
 - b. The Trademark registry normally requires 18 to 24 months to complete the formalities or process.
 - i. **Both (a) and (b) are true**
 - ii. (a) true only
 - ii. (b) true only
37. The Registered symbol “®” is used when
- a. trademark registered
 - b. registration certificate issued
 - c. **Both (a) and (b)**
 - d. None of the above
38. The registration for can be renewed from time to time
- a. **Trademark**
 - b. Copyright
 - c. Both (a) and (b)
 - d. None of the above
39. Trademark includes
- a. A word or a combination of words, letters, and numerals can perfectly constitute a trademark
 - b. drawings, symbols, three-dimensional features such as the shape and packaging of goods

- c. non-visible signs such as sounds or fragrances, or color shades used as distinguishing features
 - d. All of the above
40. Which agreement international classification of goods and services for the purposes of the registration of marks
- a. Nice Agreement
 - b. Vienna Agreement
 - c. Singapore Treaty
 - d. Nairobi Treaty
41. Which agreement concerned with international classification of the figurative elements of marks
- a. Nice Agreement
 - b. Vienna Agreement
 - c. Singapore Treaty
 - d. Nairobi Treaty
42. Who owned by collective mark
- a. Partnership firm
 - b. Association of person
 - c. Individual
 - d. Company
43. Refrigerator is
- a. Trademark
 - b. Trade name
 - c. Both (a) and (b)

44. State emblems, official hallmarks, emblems of intergovernmental organizations cannot be used as trademark

- a. True
- b. False
- c. True in some cases

45. In geographic indication, the registration is valid for years but can be renewed indefinitely

- a. 10
- b. 15
- c. 20
- d. 25

46. The C symbol in copyright is generally used for

- a. Artwork- Photography
- b. Videography
- c. Literary Works
- d. All of the above

47. Geographical indications are typically used for

- a. Agricultural products
- b. Handicrafts
- c. Industrial products.
- d. All of the above

48. How long does protection for layout designs of integrated circuits last?

- a. 10 years
- b. 15 years

- c. 20 years
 - d. 25 years
49. In general, to qualify as a trade secret, the information must be
- a. commercially valuable because it is secret,
 - b. be known only to a limited group of persons, and
 - c. including the use of confidentiality agreements for business partners and employees
 - d. **All of the above**
50. What kind of information is protected by trade secrets?
- a. technical information
 - b. commercial information
 - c. combination of elements
 - d. **All of the above**
51. Trade secrets under technical information does not include
- a. Pharmaceutical test data
 - b. Designs and drawings of computer programs
 - c. Information concerning manufacturing processes
 - d. **Advertising strategies**
52. Trade secrets under commercial information includes
- a. distribution methods
 - b. list of suppliers and clients
 - c. advertising strategies.
 - d. **All of the above**

53. Trade secrets include
- financial information
 - formulas and recipes
 - source codes
 - All of the above
54. Indian Patent system has
- Pre-grant opposition
 - Post-grant opposition
 - Both (a) and (b)
 - None of the above
55. Which patent is known as patent for invention
- Utility patent
 - Design patent
 - Plant patent
 - None of the above
56. The duration of utility patent is
- 10 years
 - 20 years
 - 25 years
 - 30 years
57. Which patent is issued for the invention of new useful process, machine and manufacture
- Utility patent

- b. Design patent
 - c. Plant patent
 - d. None of the above
58. Which patent is issued for new, original and ornamental design of an article.
- a. Utility patent
 - b. Design patent
 - c. Plant patent
 - d. None of the above
59. The duration of design patent is
- a. 12 years
 - b. 14 years
 - c. 16 years
 - d. 18 years
60. What are the features of plant patent
- a. The plant must be asexually reproducible,
 - b. the reproduction must be genetically identical to the original
 - c. Produced through methods such as root cuttings, bulbs, division, or grafting
 - d. All of the above
61. The duration of plant patent is
- a. 10 years
 - b. 20 years
 - c. 25 years
 - d. 30 years

62. The application for registration of a design can be filed at
- Kolkata
 - New Delhi
 - Mumbai
 - All of the above
63. The Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers' Right Act was established in
- 2000
 - 2001
 - 2002
 - 2003
64. WIPO was established in
- 1967
 - 1968
 - 1969
 - 1970
65. The headquarters of WIPO
- Geneva
 - London
 - Brisbane
 - None of the above
66. The world Intellectual property day
- April 24
 - May 24
 - June 24
 - July 24
67. What are the inventions that cannot be patented in India

- a. scientific discoveries
 - b. mere discoveries of new forms of known substances
 - c. methods of agriculture or horticulture
 - d. **All of the above**
68. The headquarters of patent office in India
- a. **Kolkata,**
 - b. New Delhi,
 - c. Mumbai
 - d. Chennai
69. The official filing languages for patent application in India
- a. English
 - b. Hindi
 - c. **Both (a) and (b)**
70. Which of the following statement is true
- a. Provisional specifications can be used to secure a priority date for an application
 - b. Provisional specifications cannot be filed for divisional, Convention or PCT national phase applications
- i. (a) only
 - ii. (b) only
 - iii. **Both (a) and (b)**
71. The patent application which can be filed if the invention is still under experimentation stage
- a. **Provisional application**
 - b. Ordinary application
 - c. Convention application
 - d. PCT international application
72. An application for patent filed in the Patent Office without claiming any priority either in a convention country or without any reference to any other earlier application

- a. Provisional application
- b. Ordinary application
- c. Convention application
- d. PCT international application

73. An application for patent filed in the Patent Office, claiming a priority date based on the same or substantially similar application filed in one or more of the convention countries is known as

- a. Provisional application
- b. Ordinary application
- c. Convention application
- d. PCT international application

74. When an invention is a slight modification of the earlier invention for which he has already applied for or has obtained patent,

- a. Patent of addition
- b. PCT international application
- c. Divisional application
- d. Provisional application

75. When an application claims more than one invention, invention may divide the application and file two or more applications.

- a. Patent of addition
- b. PCT international application
- c. Divisional application
- d. Provisional application

76. UPOV was established in

- a. 1961
 - b. 1962
 - c. 1963
 - d. 1964
77. What are the criteria needed for registration of a plant variety
- a. Novel
 - b. Distinct
 - c. Uniform
 - d. All of the above
78. Who can apply for the registration of plant variety
- a. any person claiming to be the breeder of the variety.
 - b. any successor of the breeder of the variety.
 - c. any farmer or group of farmers or community of farmers claiming to be breeder of the variety
 - d. All of the above
79. Duration of registration for trees and vines last for
- a. 18 years from the date of registration of the variety
 - b. 20 years from the date of registration of the variety
 - c. 22 years from the date of registration of the variety
 - d. 18 years from the date of registration of the variety

80. For other crops (Annuals), the registration last for.....years from the date of registration of the variety.

- a. 15
- b. 16
- c. 17
- d. 18

81. Which type of plant varieties can be registered under PPVFR Act, 2001:

- a. New varieties
- b. Extant variety
- c. Farmers' variety
- d. All the above

82. A name or sign used on products which corresponds to a specific geographical location or origin is called

- a. Copy right
- b. Trademark
- c. Geographical indications
- d. All of the above

83. Geographical Indications protection is granted through

- a. Nice Agreement
- b. Vienna Agreement
- c. Singapore Treaty
- d. TRIPS Agreement

84. Basmati Rice is
- a. Trademark
 - b. Copy right
 - c. **Geographical Indication**
 - d. None of the above
85. In India, Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act, was passed in the Parliament in
- a. **1999**
 - b. 2000
 - c. 2001
 - d. 2002
86. How long the registration of Geographical Indication is valid?
- a. **10 years**
 - b. 20 years
 - c. 30 years
 - d. 40 years
87. Paris convention for the protection of industrial property was formed in
- a. **1883**
 - b. 1884
 - c. 1885
 - d. 1886

88. The protection of plant varieties and farmers' rights act was enforced in
- a. 2001
 - b. 2002
 - c. 2003
 - d. 2004
89. WOOLMARK is
- a. Copyright
 - b. Trade name
 - c. Certification trademark
 - d. None of the above
90. ISI mark is
- a. Copyright
 - b. Trade name
 - c. Certification trademark
 - d. None of the above
91. The term of registration for a certification trademark is years.
- a. 5 years
 - b. 10 years
 - c. 15 years
 - d. 20 years
92. Patent application contains
- a. Form (1)
 - b. Form (2)

- c. Both (a) and (b)
 - d. None of the above
93. The application for grant of patent is applied in
- a. Form (1)
 - b. Form (2)
 - c. Form (3)
 - d. Form (5)
94. Statement and undertaking under section 8 (this is only required where a patent application is already filed in the country other than India)
- a. Form (1)
 - b. Form (2)
 - c. Form (3)
 - d. Form (5)
95. Provisional/complete specification of patent contains
- a. Form (1)
 - b. Form (2)
 - c. Form (3)
 - d. Form (5)
96. Statement and Undertaking in patent application comes in
- a. Form (1)
 - b. Form (2)
 - c. Form (3)
 - d. Form (5)

97. Declaration of Inventor-ship of patent comes under

- a. Form (1)
- b. Form (2)
- c. Form (3)
- d. **Form (5)**

98. The complete specification of patent contains

- a. Summary of the invention
- b. Statement of invention
- c. Detail description of invention
- d. **All of the above**

99. Main steps of Patenting Procedure are following.

- i. Filing of application at the Patent Office
- ii. Filing of request for examination Publication
- iii. Examination
- iv. Pre-grant Opposition
- v. Grant of Patent
- vi. Post-grant Opposition

Which of the following combination of statements is true?

- a. **i-ii-iii-iv-v-vi**
- b. iii-i-ii-v-iv-vi
- c. iii-ii-i-v-iv-vi
- d. i-iii-ii-iv-v-vi

100. An applicant can file a conventional patent application with from the date of filing of the priority application.

- a. 3 months
- b. 6 months
- c. 9 months
- d. 12 months

101. Alphanso Mango is an example for

- a. Trade name
- b. Copy right
- c. Geographic indication
- d. None of the above

102. India enacted the biological diversity act in

- a. 2001
- b. 2002
- c. 2003
- d. 2004

103. Duration of protection of extant plant variety is

- a. 13 years.
- b. 15 years
- c. 18 years
- d. 15 years from the date of notification of that variety by the Central Government under section 5 of the Seeds Act, 1966.

104. Criteria for registration of new plant variety is

- a. Novelty
- b. Distinctiveness
- c. Uniformity
- d. All of the above

105. Part II Section 1 (Article 9 to Article 14) of the TRIPS agreement deals with the minimum standard in respect of

- a. Copyright
- b. Trademarks
- c. Geographical Indications
- d. Layout Designs of Integrated Circuits

106. Part II Section 2 (Article 15 to Article 21) of the TRIPS agreement contains the provisions for minimum standards in respect of

- a. Copyright
- b. Trademarks
- c. Geographical Indications
- d. Layout Designs of Integrated Circuits

107. Section 3 Part II (Article 22 to Article 24) of the TRIPS Agreement contains the provisions for minimum standards in respect of

- a. Copyright
- b. Trademarks
- c. Geographical Indications
- d. Layout Designs of Integrated Circuits

108. Section 4, Part II (Article 25 and Article 26) of the TRIPS Agreement contains the provisions for minimum standards in respect of

- a. Copyright
- b. Trademarks
- c. Geographical Indications
- d. **Industrial designs.**

109. Articles 35 to 38 of Section 6 / Part II of the TRIPS agreement contain the provisions for protection of rights in respect of

- a. Copyright
- b. Trademarks
- c. Geographical Indications
- d. **Layout Designs of Integrated Circuits**

110. Article 39 of Section 7 Part II of the TRIPS agreement elaborates on the protections of trade secrets.

- a. **Protection of undisclosed information**
- b. Trademarks
- c. Geographical Indications
- d. Layout Designs of Integrated Circuits

111. Paris convention stands for the protection of

- a. **Protection of industrial property**
- b. Literary and artistic works
- c. Both (a) and (b)
- d. None of the above

112. HALLMARK for gold jewellery
- Service mark
 - Collective mark
 - Certification mark
 - Well known trademark
113. AMUL stands for
- Service mark
 - Word mark
 - Certification mark
 - Well known trademark
114. Which of the following statement is true
- The collective mark is owned by an association of persons
 - The collective mark belongs to a group and its use is reserved for members of the group
 - Both (a) and (b)
 - None of the above
115. Khadi is an example for
- Service mark
 - Collective mark
 - Certification mark
 - Well known trademark
116. Certification mark can be registered in
- Trademark Registry

- b. MHRD
 - c. Both (a) and (b)
 - d. None of the above
117. A service mark consists of
- a. a word
 - b. phrase
 - c. symbol
 - d. All of the above
118. The validity of a Service mark is
- a. 10 years
 - b. 15 years
 - c. 20 years
 - d. 25 years
119. Which IPR protect literary works, musical works, artistic works, cinematograph films and sound recordings
- a. Copy right
 - b. Trademark
 - c. Collective mark
 - d. None of the above
120. The author of a work comprised in the copyright may ----- by giving notice in the prescribed form
- a. Transfer
 - b. Licence

c. Relinquish

d. None of the above

121. "Publication" under the copyright act means the distribution of copies or phonorecords of a work to the public

a. By sale

b. Transfer of ownership

c. By lease

d. All of the above

122. After the expiry of registration of a design under Designs Act, 2000, the design become the property of

a. State government

b. Central government

c. Public

d. None of the above

123. Which of the following criteria is necessary for the trade secret

a. Commercially valuable

b. It known only to a limited number of persons

c. it should be subject to reasonable steps taken by the rightful holder of the information to keep it secret

d. All of the above

124. Which of the following information may constitute a trade secret?

a. Coca Cola formula.

b. Google search algorithm.

c. Both (a) and (b)

- d. None of the above
125. Software is protected under the law of
- a. **Copyright**
 - b. Trademark
 - c. Geographic indication
 - d. Service mark
126. The violation of the exclusive rights of the patent holder is known as
- a. **Patent infringement**
 - b. Patent of addition
 - c. Both (a) and (b)
 - d. None of the above
127. Which section provide guidelines relating to patent infringement.
- a. **Sections 104-114 of the Patents Act, 1970**
 - b. Section 100 of the Patents Act, 1970
 - c. Sections 84-92 of the Patents Act, 1970
 - d. Section 159 of the Patents Act, 1970
128. Which section of the Indian Patents Act contains the rights of the patentees
- a. Section 39
 - b. Section 43
 - c. Section 47
 - d. **Section 48**

129. Patent infringement includes

- a. Selling,
- b. offering to sell,
- c. manufacturing a patented product
- d. **All of the above**

130. Which section of Indian patent act states the power of central government to use inventions for purposes of government

- a. Section 53 of the Patents Act, 1970
- b. Section 64 of the Patents Act, 1970
- c. **Section 100 of the Patents Act, 1970**
- d. Section 104 of the Patents Act, 1970

131. Marketing, sale or commercial use of a similar patented item or invention that performs substantially identical functions is known as

- a. **Direct infringement**
- b. Indirect infringement
- c. Contributory Infringement
- d. None of the above

132. A person actively induces the other person to infringe a patent by encouraging, assisting, aiding, inducing him/her to do so is considered as

- a. Direct infringement
- b. **Indirect infringement**
- c. Contributory Infringement
- d. None of the above

133. Which is more suited for a good trademark
- Easy to speak and spell (in case of word mark),
 - Appealing and easy to remember or recollect.
 - invented or coined word, unique monogram, logo or a geometrical device
 - All of the above**
134. A trademark where the trademark owner is claiming rights only in the word, letters or numbers is known as
- Word mark**
 - Collective mark
 - Service mark
 - Certification mark
135. Patent is granted to
- Product
 - Process
 - Both (a) and (b)**
 - None of the above
136. The duration of copyright to literary, dramatic, musical or artistic work is
- Lifetime of the author until 60 years from the death of the author**
 - 60 years from the year the work was first published.
 - 50 years from the year the work was first published
 - None of the above
137. Which item cannot be registered under design act
- Book covers

- b. Post cards
 - c. Medals
 - d. All of the above
138. Which of the following statement is true regarding design
- a. The design protection is provided for 10 years
 - b. The period of protection is extendable to 5 years after the expiry of 10 years' duration.
 - c. The design protection is provided for 20 years
 - i. **Both (a) and (b)**
 - ii. (a) only
 - iii. Both (b) and (c)
 - iv. (c) only
139. Why should GI be protected in India?
- a. India is a rich storehouse of goods with reputation for quality
 - b. The economic potential of these goods is enormous.
 - c. To prevent GI goods becoming generic
 - d. **All of the above**
140. WTO governs IPR through
- a. **Trade-related aspects of the intellectual property rights (TRIPS).**
 - b. Paris convention
 - c. Berne convention
 - d. None of the above

141. The national intellectual property rights (IPR) policy was adopted in
- a. 2016
 - b. 2017
 - c. 2018
 - d. 2019
142. Trademarks comes under the ministry of
- a. Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion (DIPP), Ministry of Commerce and industry
 - b. Ministry of Human Resource Development
 - c. Ministry of communications
 - d. None of the above
143. Copyright comes under the ministry of
- a. Ministry of Commerce and industry
 - b. Ministry of Human Resource Development
 - c. Ministry of communications
 - d. None of the above
144. The term Intellectual property rights includes
- a. Copyrights
 - b. Trademark
 - c. Patent
 - d. All of the above

145. A patent may be revoked due to
- a. Invention is not useful
 - b. Invention not sufficiently described
 - c. Claim not clearly defined
 - d. **All of the above**

146. The term IPC stands for
- a. **International patent classification**
 - b. International patent code
 - c. Indian patent code
 - d. Indian patent classification

147. Patent right is considered as
- a. Territorial right
 - b. Exclusive right
 - c. **Both (a) and (b)**
 - d. None of the above

148. Prior art means
- a. Prior knowledge
 - b. Prior use
 - c. Prior publication
 - d. **All of the above**

149. Invention is considered as
- a. New process
 - b. New product having inventive step

- c. **New process or product having inventive step and possess industrial application**
 - d. None of the above
150. The international patent classification (IPC), established in
- a. 1970
 - b. **1971**
 - c. 1972
 - d. 1973

References

<http://cipam.gov.in/index.php/know-your-ip-2/basics-of-ip/>

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<http://cipam.gov.in/index.php/know-your-ip-2/patents/>

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